

Developing A Web-Based Application for Accelerating Data Management : Construction Materials Section

Mohammadmehdi Danesh

Department of Architecture, Iran University of Science and Technology (IUST), Tehran, Iran

ABSTRACT

Construction industry requires different tools to advance on-site tasks. Construction material management applications are one group of such efficient tools. Purchasing project materials in advance of their use allows Project Managers to assure a specified material is available especially before and after crisis conditions in accordance with the construction schedule. However, in such conditions, Project managers have to manage huge amount of data related to construction materials on jobsites. The objective of this research is to introduce a new application which helps the project manager access the huge stored amount of data easily in critical situations. As a result, time can be saved in such situations. This application is developed to store data relating to purchasing, storing, and using construction materials before and after predictable crisis condition such as hurricanes. It means that Project Managers can handle such situations through fast access to the data before and after the crisis.

Keywords : Construction Materials, Project Management, Web-Based Application, Data Management

I. INTRODUCTION

Different people involved in the construction industry like main contractors, subcontractors and dozens of material suppliers works at different organizations [1]. Crisis situation, like natural disasters, can cause various problems on the jobsite. One of the difficulties is the management of construction materials which are stored. During critical situations, construction materials are needed to renovate buildings; but, material suppliers cannot supply sufficient construction materials. It means that Project Managers have to buy construction materials in advance in order to guarantee that operation on jobsite will proceed. Like other prediction in building industry, such as energy performance of buildings [2,3], this prediction help the project managers to do their job well.

Material costs are over 50% of the building costs [4]. Therefore, purchases, material deliveries, manage the fleet of vehicles to carry construction materials [5], and Productivity of labour working [6] play an important role in construction processes. Supply construction materials on time offers a large cost saving potential. In addition, bulky and heavy standard materials are difficult to handle and store at the site, increase the potential accident and injuries [7]. If Project Managers do not plan unloading and transportation at the site in advance (before crisis), the extra work can be time-consuming. For example, it took a whole day for two men to carry a bundle of board from the wrong unloading place to the right destination. As a matter of fact, it is significant to choose0 a proper place to store construction materials in crisis conditions [8].

Insufficient training, an inadequate pipeline of new labor, and the lasting effects of the recession cause that construction industry will face workforce shortage, which has a negative effect on the delivery coast and completion time [9, 10]. Therefore, expertise in construction science should find some solution to solve this problem such as developing robots and applications which will be used as an assistance at jobsites.

According to the issues mentioned in above paragraphs, it is crucial that project managers have the ability to manage crisis conditions by an easy access to the data base; hence, this web-based application helps Project Managers to decrease time required for managing construction materials.

II. DEVELOPMENT

This application is based on storing data about construction materials in predictable crisis conditions created by Zoho creator web-based online application.

Zoho Creator is an easy-to-use low-code development tool. Built with a straightforward minimalist style, Zoho doesn't bog the user down in a cluttered selection of features. Zoho Creator was among the easiest tools; but, it's not proper tool to write complex applications [11]. Zoho creator has several fields to write an application (Figure 1).



Figure 1. Zoho Creator's fields

11 different fields are used to develop the application (figure 2, 3). The main purpose of the application is to access, manage, and edit huge amount of data, which is related to the construction materials, in an easy way. Significant fields of this application are dates and places in which construction materials should be store according to the jobsite information provided, and project managers' determination. Therefore, significant fields are related to when and where constructed materials should be stored, and when and how much construction materials should be used. This application helps Project Managers to manage huge inputted data readily.

Construction Material Management

Name of company *	<u> </u>		
Seller *			
Telephone			
Email			
Construction Material	-Select-		
Construction Material			
Construction Material must be delivered *			
Reject			
Reason	-Select-		
Reason	B Z U ½ T 🛆 🅭		
Approved			
Checkbox	Quality		
	Quantity		
Value	\$		
Delivery *			
Image *	2		
Signature *	Draw your signature	Clear]
	2 		
Recipient	Mehdi × •		t)
Image	•		
			-
Signature of recipient *	Draw your signature	Clear	
Construction material must be stored *		â	1



Two different people who are working on the construction site, use this application. One of them is a craftsman who receives construction materials from a delivery. The craftsman imports the name of material suppliers, a person who is in charge of selling construction materials at the company, contact information, and type of construction material. Then, according to the quantity and quality of construction material, the craftsman decides to approve or reject the construction materials. If the construction materials are rejected, the form will be submitted, and the construction materials are not received. If construction materials are approved, the craftsman keeps continue to fill other blanks. They records recipient information, name, picture, and signature of delivery. Finally, the form is submitted.

Additionally, storekeeper also is responsible to store the construction materials. According to the information provided, craftsman decides which store is proper for the delivered materials. Other significant fields at this part are the time at which construction materials should be used and the amount of material which should be used at that time. Actually, Project Managers define the date and the usage percentage of construction materials.





Then, all data will be saved in the data base which is accessible to the Project Manager. By using this data base, Project Manager can handle huge amount of construction materials delivered to the jobsite before the predictable crisis and use them after crisis. Figure 4 shows the data base. Moreover, a calendar provided is attainable to help the Project Manager to handle huge delivered construction materials at the jobsite in a productive way (Fig. 4).

Construction Material Ma	Delive	red Construction	Material Manage	me				٩	• =
Construction Material Mana v	۰	Name of company 0	Seller 0	Email 0	Construction Mat 0	Construction Material must be delive	Signature of recl	۰.	Construction mat
Delivered construction M		Company A	Dave	Dave@gmail.com		24-Oct-2017	h		25-Oct-2017
Delivered Construction M.,									
Stored Construction Mate		Company B	Ross	ross@gmail.com	Steel	23-Oct-2017	Ont		24-Oct-2017
Stored construction mater									
Construction Page		Company C	Nish	nbh@gmail.com	Plastic	26-Oct-2017	\sim		27-Oct-2017
		Company C	Dave	Davedgmail.com		19-Oct-2017	e~		19-Oct-2017
		Company D	Joff	Jeff12@gmail.com	Cement, Glass	28-Oct-2017	$\sim c$		30 Oct-2017
	4								•
🕕 danesh87 🛛 🖉									Total: 6

Figure 4. A data base extracted from the application according to the input data

III. EVALUATION AND DISCUSSION

The most obvious characteristic of a productive application is being user-friendly. To assess this features and the productivity of software, participants are divided into two groups, control and experimental group, 21 Architecture and Construction Science students participate at this survey. Two questioners are developed. The first questioner compares the results of two groups who assess the function of application according to the data provided to each group. The control group, 11 students, have to extract data in a typical way, read the inputted data printed on a spreadsheet and extract requested information. Participants, then, should mention the amount of time that takes to find information for each question. According to the table 1, in average, each participant in control group, needs 00:08:34 to extract data for 6 questions. Student C-7 who made a mistake, was eliminated from the survey.

Table 1: Amount of mean time each applicant in control group needs to extract data from 6 questions

Stu	Q1:	Q2:	Q3:	Q4:	Q5:	Q6:	
den	Whe	whe	Wh	Whe	Wh	Wh	Tim
t ID	n is	re is	en	n is	ere	en	e
	mate	mat	will	mate	is	will	
	rial	eria	mat	rial	mat	mat	
	В	1 C	eria	А	eria	eria	
	deliv	stor	1 F	deliv	1 B	1 D	
	ered?	ed?	be	ered?	stor	be	
			use		ed?	use	
			d?			d?	

C-1	00:0	00:0	00:0	00:0	00:0	00:0	00:0
	1:25	1:03	1:32	1:28	1:31	1:21	8:20
C-2	00:0	00:0	00:0	00:0	00:0	00:0	00:0
	1:38	1:40	1:12	1:19	1:14	1:24	8:27
C-3	00:0	00:0	00:0	00:0	00:0	00:0	00:0
	1:10	1:31	0:49	1:32	1:37	1:52	8:31
C-4	00:0	00:0	00:0	00:0	00:0	00:0	00:0
	1:12	1:07	1:14	1:17	1:28	1:39	7:57
C-5	00:0	00:0	00:0	00:0	00:0	00:0	00:0
	1:28	1:16	1:45	1:32	1:19	1:26	8:46
C-6	00:0	00:0	00:0	00:0	00:0	00:0	00:0
	1:50	1:21	1:12	1:31	1:49	1:53	9:36
C-7	wron	00:0	00:0	00:0	wro	00:0	
	g	1:14	1:13	1:42	ng	1:19	
	answ				ans		
	or				THOR		
	ei				wei		
C-8	00:0	00:0	00:0	00:0	00:0	00:0	00:0
C-8	00:0 1:02	00:0 1:39	00:0 1:35	00:0 1:23	00:0 1:41	00:0 1:34	00:0 8:54
C-8 C-9	00:0 1:02 00:0	00:0 1:39 00:0	00:0 1:35 00:0	00:0 1:23 00:0	00:0 1:41 00:0	00:0 1:34 00:0	00:0 8:54 00:0
C-8 C-9	00:0 1:02 00:0 1:43	00:0 1:39 00:0 1:41	00:0 1:35 00:0 1:21	00:0 1:23 00:0 1:38	00:0 1:41 00:0 1:54	00:0 1:34 00:0 1:22	00:0 8:54 00:0 9:39
C-8 C-9 C-	00:0 1:02 00:0 1:43 00:0	00:0 1:39 00:0 1:41 00:0	00:0 1:35 00:0 1:21 00:0	00:0 1:23 00:0 1:38 00:0	wei 00:0 1:41 00:0 1:54 00:0	00:0 1:34 00:0 1:22 00:0	00:0 8:54 00:0 9:39 00:0
C-8 C-9 C- 10	00:0 1:02 00:0 1:43 00:0 1:17	00:0 1:39 00:0 1:41 00:0 1:08	00:0 1:35 00:0 1:21 00:0 1:19	00:0 1:23 00:0 1:38 00:0 1:22	wei 00:0 1:41 00:0 1:54 00:0 1:56	00:0 1:34 00:0 1:22 00:0 1:31	00:0 8:54 00:0 9:39 00:0 8:33
C-8 C-9 C- 10 C-	00:0 1:02 00:0 1:43 00:0 1:17 00:0	00:0 1:39 00:0 1:41 00:0 1:08 00:0	00:0 1:35 00:0 1:21 00:0 1:19 00:0	00:0 1:23 00:0 1:38 00:0 1:22 00:0	wei 00:0 1:41 00:0 1:54 00:0 1:56 00:0	00:0 1:34 00:0 1:22 00:0 1:31 00:0	00:0 8:54 00:0 9:39 00:0 8:33 00:0
C-8 C-9 C- 10 C- 11	00:0 1:02 00:0 1:43 00:0 1:17 00:0 1:09	00:0 1:39 00:0 1:41 00:0 1:08 00:0 1:03	00:0 1:35 00:0 1:21 00:0 1:19 00:0 1:07	00:0 1:23 00:0 1:38 00:0 1:22 00:0 1:12	wei 00:0 1:41 00:0 1:54 00:0 1:56 00:0 1:11	00:0 1:34 00:0 1:22 00:0 1:31 00:0 1:15	00:0 8:54 00:0 9:39 00:0 8:33 00:0 6:57
C-8 C-9 C- 10 C- 11	00:0 1:02 00:0 1:43 00:0 1:17 00:0 1:09	00:0 1:39 00:0 1:41 00:0 1:08 00:0 1:03 Tota	00:0 1:35 00:0 1:21 00:0 1:19 00:0 1:07 l mean	00:0 1:23 00:0 1:38 00:0 1:22 00:0 1:12 time	wei 00:0 1:41 00:0 1:54 00:0 1:56 00:0 1:11	00:0 1:34 00:0 1:22 00:0 1:31 00:0 1:15	00:0 8:54 00:0 9:39 00:0 8:33 00:0 6:57 00:0

The experimental group, 10 students, use the application to input data. According to the table 2, in average, each participant, in experimental group, needs 00:04:08 to extract data from 6 questions. Therefore, by using the application, if users use this application, huge amount of time will be saved. In addition, users don't make mistake when they are extracting data from the data base.

Table 2 : Amount of mean time each applicant inexperimental group needs to extract data from 6

	Q1:	Q2:	Q3:	Q4:	Q5:	Q6:	
Stu	Whe	whe	Wh	Whe	Wh	Wh	Tim
den	n is	re is	en	n is	ere	en	e
t ID	mate	mat	will	mate	is	will	

	rial B	erial	mat	rial	mat	mat	
	deliv	С	erial	Α	erial	erial	
	ered?	stor	F	deliv	В	D	
		ed?	use?	ered?	stor	use	
					ed?	d?	
E-1	00:00	00:0	00:0	00:00	00:0	00:0	00:0
	:39	0:43	0:37	:41	0:39	0:35	3:54
E-2	00:00	00:0	00:0	00:00	00:0	00:0	00:0
	:44	0:35	0:41	:35	0:43	0:38	3:56
E-3	00:00	00:0	00:0	00:00	00:0	00:0	00:0
	:36	0:46	0:47	:39	0:45	0:41	4:14
E-4	00:00	00:0	00:0	00:00	00:0	00:0	00:0
	:42	0:42	0:36	:42	0:38	0:44	4:04
E-5	00:00	00:0	00:0	00:00	00:0	00:0	00:0
	:40	0:39	0:40	:46	0:35	0:39	3:59
E-6	00:00	00:0	00:0	00:00	00:0	00:0	00:0
	:37	0:38	0:44	:48	0:46	0:41	4:14
E-7	00:00	00:0	00:0	00:00	00:0	00:0	00:0
	:44	0:46	0:39	:36	0:39	0:46	4:10
E-8	00:00	00:0	00:0	00:00	00:0	00:0	00:0
	:35	0:41	0:38	:35	0:40	0:36	3:45
E-9	00:00	00:0	00:0	00:00	00:0	00:0	00:0
	:50	0:45	0:48	:41	0:45	0:44	4:33
E-	00:00	00:0	00:0	00:00	00:0	00:0	00:0
10	:46	0:47	0:47	:45	0:37	0:45	4:27
		Tota	l mean	time			00:0
							4:08

The second questioner is provided to estimate the productivity of application in users' view. They use their input data to assess the application. Participants score each item in this questioners from 10 to 100. Applications heat map showing in figure 4 is provided according to the questioner.



Figure 5. Application assessment heat map

According to the heat map, in average, this application meet 85 percent of users' expectation.

International Journal of Scientific Research in Science, Engineering and Technology (ijsrset.com)

However, most participants complain that Project Manager is not capable to send email or text message to the users through the application. Actually, Zoho Creator application does not support this service.

IV. LIMITATION

The assessment of the application is assessed by students who have Architecture and construction science background; so, there is no guarantee that users in real situation experience the same results.

V. CONCLUSION

Construction Material management is one of the most prevalent Challenge that may significantly lower the progress of operation at the jobsite specially under crisis conditions such as hurricane; When project materials are purchased in advance of their use, Project managers can assure a specified material is available for use in accordance with the construction schedule. It, hence, crucial to manage operation on jobsite by purchasing and storing construction materials before the crisis and using them after crisis. So, Project manager encounter huge amount of construction materials at the jobsite. The construction material application works like a Project Manager assistance to handle and manage huge amount of materials by a data base. The crucial data are the time that the construction materials should be purchased, stored, and used assigned by the Project Manager and inputted by the users. By filling a questioner, the application was assessed by students involved in Architecture and construction science, and the application meets needs of applicant in the survey. However, according to the participants' feedback, Project managers and users cannot send message to each other through the application. Figure 6, briefly, summery the whole process.



Figure 6. Developing the application according to the challenge

VI. REFERENCES

- J. L. Burbidge, P. Falster, Reducing delivery times for OKP products, Production Planning and Control 5 (1) (1993) 97-102.
- [2]. Sadeghi, S. A., & Karava, P. (2014). Stochastic Model Predictive Control of Mixed-mode Buildings Based on Probabilistic Interactions of Occupants with Window Blinds.
- [3]. Sadeghi, S. A. (2015). Integration of Occupant Interactions with Window Blinds on Model Predictive Control of Mixed-Mode Buildings. ASHRAE Transactions, 121, 1VV.
- [4]. J.A. Brimson, Activity Accounting: An Activity-Based Costing Approach, Wiley, New York, 1991.
- [5]. Asl, V. M., Sadeghi, S. A., & Fathi, S. (2012). A mathematical model and solving method for multi-depot and multi-level vehicle routing problem with fuzzy time windows. Advances in Intelligent Transportation Systems, 1(1), 19-24.
- [6]. Khanzadi, M., Dabirian, S., Mohammadpour, A., & Makhmalbaf, M. O. (2011, June). Selecting the best strategy of labour productivity improvement in Tehran grade 1-3 construction contractor companies by applying analytic hierarchy process and statistical analysis of effective factors on labour productivity. In The International Symposium on the Analytic Hierarchy Process (ISAHP), Sorrento (Naples) (pp. 15-18).
- [7]. Escamilla, E., and Ostadalimakhmalbaf, M., & Saseendran (2017). Hispanic Workers: Identification of Factors Impacting Fatal and Non-Fatal Injuries in the Construction Industry. The Professional Constructor. 42(2), 61-75.
- [8]. T. Wegelius-Lehtonen, Measuring and re-engineering logistics chains in the construction industry, in: J. Browne, D. O'Sullivan (Eds.), Re-engineering the Enterprise, Chapman and Hall, London, 1995.

- [9]. Escamilla, E., & Ostadalimakhmalbaf, M. (2016). Capacity Building for Sustainable Workforce in the Construction Industry. The Professional Constructor, 41(1), 51-71.
- [10]. Escamilla, E., Ostadalimakhmalbaf, M., & Bigelow, B. F. (2016). Factors impacting Hispanic high school students and how to best reach them for the careers in the construction industry. International Journal of Construction Education and Research, 12(2), 82-98.
- [11]. Zoho Creator, (2017). Available in: https://www.zoho.com/aboutus.html, Accessed date: 10/06/2017]

International Journal of Scientific Research in Science, Engineering and Technology (ijsrset.com)