

Investigation Study of Three In One Multiple Agricultural MEMS Sensor Using Microcantilever

B. Priyadarisshini¹, D. Sindhanaiselvi², T. Shanmuganatham³

¹PG Scholar, Department of Electronics and Instrumentation Engineering, Pondicherry Engineering College, Puducherry, India

² Assistant Professor, Department of Electronics and Instrumentation Engineering, Pondicherry Engineering college , Puducherry, India

³Associate Professor, Department of Electronics Engineering, Pondicherry University, Puducherry, India priyasandra94@gmail.com¹, dsindhanaiselvi@gmail.com²,shanmuganathamstr@gmail.com³

ABSTRACT

MEMS based three- in- one multiple sensor with soil Temperature, soil moisture and humidity sensor proposed using simple cantilever for the agricultural applications. These parameters are the most important parameters for agricultural monitoring to control the usage of water supply to the plants. The study is to find the optimized dimension of the three- in- one multiple MEMS sensor with respect to maximum deflection for the temperature range of 0°C to 40.556°C, relative humidity and the soil moisture range of 10 % to 100%. The dimension is optimized with respect to aspect ratio parameters such as length, width and thickness of different layers.

Keywords: Microcantilever, Temperature, Humidity, Soil Moisture, Deflection.

I. INTRODUCTION

Agriculture field is influenced by chemical products into the soil, natural hazard and improper irrigation that affects the growth of the crop. Monitoring soil nutrients, soil moisture, soil temperature, humidity and soil pH gives thorough knowledge of the field condition that enriches the crop by understanding the soil health. MEMS technology acts as economical platform in designing the sensor in the diverse fields especially in the research work of agricultural sector [10]. This is an emerging technology in designing the multiple sensor in compact size, cheaper cost, and low power consumption benefits to the farmers. These advantages indicates the multiple sensor are affordable and they are highly recommended for the poor farmers for their boon.

MEMS is most broadly used technology in microscopic device with electrical and mechanical elements in it used in wide applications [6, 7, 8, 9]. Depending upon the ranges of the parameters, farmers can monitor and collect data of soil water availability, temperature that gives better understanding to perform smart irrigation system, which gives high profit in harvesting the crop.

The novelty of this project to measure the three different influential parameters using three –in- one multiple sensor such as temperature, humidity and soil moisture with advancement of MEMS technology for the. The exact soil moisture and soil temperature,

humidity gives wide knowledge about usage of water in the field and intake of nutrients from the soil for the critical growth stages of the crop. The simple cantilever is proposed to design the three in one multiple sensor. The sensor is proposed for the temperature range of 0°C to 40.556°C, Relative Humidity range of 10 % to 100 % at the temperature range of 25°C to 40°C and soil moisture range of 10% to 100%. The investigation study is carried out too find the optimized dimension for three multiple sensor in the single substrate with respect to aspect ratio such as length in (μm) , width in (μm) and thickness in (μm) and its performance is analysed. The cantilever based temperature sensor is tend to deflect when exposed to the temperature layer with higher thermal coefficient. Similarly humidity and soil moisture sensor [2] tends to deflect more when exposed to the polymer based material since it had good absorbtion of water content in the soil and in air.

II. STRUCTURE OF THREE –IN – ONE INTEGRATED SENSOR

A. Basic structure

The three in one multiple sensor on silicon substrate of dimension $600\mu m \ge 600 \ \mu m \ge 5\mu m$ by using bulk micromachining. In order to form the cantilever, centre of the substrate is etched using mask of dimension $500\mu m \ge 500\mu m \ge 5\mu m$. the temperature, humidity, soil moisture based cantilever is added on the surface of the substrate by surface micromachining method. Each sensor dimension has been satisfied by

Significant design aspect ratio [5] are:

- (1) Ratio of length to width (1:w)
- (2) Ratio of width to thickness (w : t)

The two constraints are shown in the Equations below:

l: w	≥ 2:1	(1))

```
w - \delta t \leq 0 \tag{2}
```

The length, width and thickness are considered to be the key factors to optimize the structure of the cantilever without any breakage of the beam and also to obtain the maximum deflection. In the temperature cantilever sensor consists of two layers such as dielectric layer and sensing layer. The humidity cantilever sensor is of three layers such as dielectric layer and sensing layer with the temperature compensation layer. Soil moisture cantilever sensor comprises of two layers such as dielectric layer and a sensing layer. The dimension of three sensors is followed with respect to Equations (1) and (2). is given in Table 1.

TABLE I

DIMENSION OF THREE- IN-ONE MULTIPLE SENSOR

~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	DIMENSION (µm)						
ETE	L:W	-	Width	Thickness			
PARAMI		Length		Substra	Dielect ric	Sensing layer1	Sensing layer1
Temper	4:1	200	50	5	6.25 -		
ature							
Humidi	2:1	200	100	5	12.5		
ty							
Soil	4:	200	50	5	6.25 -		
Moisture	1						

Multiple sensor is designed by applying the first aspect ratio of the micro cantilever given in Equation (1). So the length and width is fixed in the ratio of 4:1 for the three layered sensor such as Soil Temperature and soil moisture sensor and for four layered humidity sensor [1,3], the length and width is fixed in the ratio of 2:1. The dimension of two layered temperature and soil moisture sensor of 200 $\mu$ m x 50 $\mu$ m and the dimension of three layered humidity sensor is of 200 $\mu$ m x 100  $\mu$ m. Based on the width of the sensor, the thickness of the overall layer has been obtained by obeying the second aspect ratio.

Due to the mutual split up of the thickness for each layer of the sensors. Henceforth, thickness of the soil

temperature and soil moisture sensor is 6.25  $\mu$ m. While thickness of the humidity sensor is 12.5 $\mu$ m. The three- in- one multiple sensor is shown below Fig 1:



Figure 1. Structure of three- in- one multiple sensor

The soil temperature sensor and soil moisture sensor comprises of three layers such as silicon based substrate, silicon dioxide as dielectric layer and the sensing layer as in Fig. 1. Aluminium [4] as temperature sensing element and poly ether as soil moisture sensing element. Whereas humidity sensor has four layer with temperature compensation layer beneath the polymer based humidity sensing element, Polysilicon.

#### **III. DEFLECTION ANALYSIS**

Three in one multiple sensor 's thickness has been varied in the different cases are carried out for the deflection analysis at the maximum temperature (105 °F / 40.556°C) and humidity range of 100% for 25°C and soil moisture for 100% for the optimized structure on the cantilever and it is tested . The deflection analysis is shown below in the Table II, Table III and Table IV with the thickness variation for each layer such as sensing layer1, sensing layer 2 and dielectric layer. But the silicon based substrate is kept constant with the thickness of 5µm. The optimized thickness with maximum deflection of the three in one multiple sensor is given in Table V.

# TABLE III DEFLECTION ANALYSIS OF TEMPERATURE

SENSOR

THICKNESS VA	DEFLECTION (µm)		
DIELECTRIC	SENSING LAYER	TEMPERATURE	
LAYER	1	AT 40.566°C	
0.25	6	1.35148	
1	5.25	1.83464	
1.25	5	1.96629	
2	4.25	2.2459	
2.25	4	2.29681	
3	3.25	2.31463	
3.125	3.125	2.24369	
3.25	3	2.27488	
4	2.25	2.01712	
4.25	2	1.88435	
5	1.25	1.10779	
5.25	1	1.10018	
6	0.25	0.18809	

## TABLE III DEFLECTION ANALYSIS OF HUMIDITY SENSOR

THICKNES	DEFLECTIO		
	N (μm)		
DIELECTRIC	SENSING	SENSING	HUMIDITY
LAYER	LAYER 1	LAYER 2	AT 100°C
			FOR 25°C
0.25	6	6.25	3.23499
1	5.25	6.25	3.29117
1.25	5	6.25	3.30135
2	4.25	6.25	3.30902
2.25	4	6.25	3.30473
3	3.25	6.25	3.27468
3.125	3.125	6.25	3.0259
3.25	3	6.25	3.2598
4	2.25	6.25	3.20476
4.25	2	6.25	3.18409
5	1.25	6.25	1.20281
5.25	1	6.25	3.10039
6	0.25	6.25	3.04945

# TABLE IV DEFLECTION ANALYSIS OF SOIL MOISTURE SENSOR

THICKNESS V	ARIATION (µm)	DEFLECTION (µm)		
DIELECTRIC	SENSING LAYER	SOIL MOISTURE AT		
LAYER	1	100%		
0.25	6	177.152		
1	5.25	143.26		
1.25	5	124.908		
2	4.25	49.0729		
2.25	4	24.7669		
3	3.25	0.208663		
3.125	3.125	0.0146309		
3.25	3	0.203307		
4	2.25	0.187437		
4.25	2	0.184115		
5	1.25	1.14275		
5.25	1	1.60853		
6	0.25	0.145377		



Tł	HICKNES	S	DEFLECTION (µm)			
VARIATION (µm)						
DIELEC	SENSI	SENSI	TEMPE	HUMID	SOIL	
TRIC	NG	NG	RATUR	ITY AT	MOIST	
LAYER	LAYER	LAYE	E AT	100°C	URE AT	
	1	R 2	40.566°	FOR	100%	
			С	25°C		
0.25	6	-	-	-	177.1	
					52	
2	4.25	6.25	-	3.309	-	
				02		
3	3.25	-	2.3146	-	-	
			3			

# IV. CONCLUSION

MEMS based three in one agriculture sensor is proposed as compact sensor designed using cantilever for the agricultural application. The dimension of the sensor is fixed based on the aspect ratio for 200  $\mu$ m x 100  $\mu$ m x 12.5  $\mu$ m for cantilever based humidity sensor and 200 $\mu$ m x 50  $\mu$ m x 6.25  $\mu$ m for temperature and moisture sensor. The investigation study is carried

out for maximum deflection for analysis by mutual split up of thickness among the dielectric layer and sensing layer it is found that the temperature sensor yields deflection of  $2.31463\mu$ m, humidity sensor yields the deflection of  $3.30902 \mu$ m and soil moisture sensor yields the deflection of  $177.152 \mu$ m. further the sensitivity can be enhanced by adding of ribs and perforation.

# V. REFERENCES

- [1] Rong-Hua Ma, Chia-Yen Lee, Yu-Hsiang Wang, Hao-Jen Chen "Microcantilever-based weather station for temperature, humidity and flow rate measurement," Microsyst Technol, vol. 14, pp. 971-977, November 2007.
- Jie Liu, Mangilal Agarwal, Kody Varahramyan,Ernest S. Berney IV, Wayne D. Hodo "Polymer- based microsensor for soil moisture measuremnet," Sensors and Actuators, vol. B129, pp. 599-604, September 2007.
- [3] Lung-Tai Chen, Chia Yen Lee, and Wood-hi cheng, "MEMS-based humidity sensor with integrated temperature compensation mechanism," Sensors and Actuators, vol. A147, pp. 522-528, July 2008.
- [4] Ashish, Kumari Nidhi Gupta, Dr. T.Shanmuganantham, "Design Of Temperature Sensors For Enviromental Applications", Int. Journal of Engineering Trends and Technology (IJETT) –Volume 4 Issue 10 - Oct 2013.
- [5] B.Priyadarisshini, D.Sindhanaiselvi, T. shanmuganatham, "Design and dimension optimization of high sensitive microcantilever as humidity sensor," IEEE,International Conference on Emergimg Devices and Smart Systems, Mahendra Engineering College, Namakkal, Tamil Nadu, 2,3 of March 2018.
- [6] D.Sindhanaiselvi, T.Shanmuganantham,
  "Double Boss Sculptured Diaphragm Employed
  Piezoresistive Mems Pressure Sensor With
  Silicon-On-Insulator (SOI)" Journal of

Engineering Science and Technology, School of Engineering, Taylor's University., Vol. 12, July 2017

- [7] Marie Joan Syndhya, D.Sindhanaiselvi, T.Shanmuganantham, "Design and Analysis of Rectangular type Pizoresistive Microcantilever for Antigen Detection", International Journal of Control Theory and Application, International Science Press, Vol. 10, 2017.
- [8] Marie Ioan Syndhya, D.Sindhanaiselvi, T.Shanmuganantham, " Investigation on Piezoresistive Micro Cantilever Design for Blood Glucose Sensing", International Journal Control of Theory and Application, International Science Press, Vol. 10, 2017.
- [9] D.Sindhanaiselvi, T.Shanmuganantham, "Investigation on Performance of Piezoelectric Beam Based Mems Actuator for Focussing of Micro Lens in Mobile Application", IEEE International Conference on circuits and systems, 2017.
- [10] Rajul S. Patkar, Madhuri Vinchurkar, Mamta Ashwin, and V. Ramgopal Rao, "A Novel PET-Based Piezoresistive MEMS Sensor Platform for Agricultural Applications," Journal of Microelectromechanical Systems, Vol. 26, No. 4, PP. 746-748, August 2017.