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A Review on Total Productive Maintenance

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ABSTRACT

Total productive maintenance (TPM) is the methodology aims to improve the accessibility of equipment and in consequence improve the further capital investment. Objectives of TPM are zero breakdowns, zero losses, zero defects and zero health hazards and hence increase quality and productivity in industries. This paper gives a literature review of ten papers on the total productive maintenance (TPM). Calculation of Overall Equipment Effectiveness (OEE) helps to find the machine performance. The literature review indicates that, Total Productive Maintenance is being adopted across many organizations in the India enhancing the productivity and efficiency of manufacturing.

Keywords: TPM, OEE, SME, TQM

I. INTRODUCTION

TPM is a practical application of total quality and empowerment of the workforce. (Willmott, P. 1994). TPM has helped the organisation in improving the synergy between the maintenance department and the rest of the production and manufacturing functions resulting in eliminating defects, improving manufacturing process reliability, improving OEE, reducing costs (Ahuja I.P.S. 2008). TPM aims to promote a culture in which operators feel they "own" their machines, learn much more about them, and in the process release skilled trades to concentrate on problem diagnostic and equipment Improvement (Willmott, 1994). projects P. brings maintenance into focus as a necessary and vitally important part of the business. It is no longer regarded as a non-profit activity. Down time for

maintenance is scheduled as a part of the manufacturing day and, in some cases, as an integral part of the manufacturing process. The goal is to hold emergency and unscheduled maintenance to a minimum (J. Venkatesh, (2007).

II. LITERATURE REVIEW

1. Shelke G.D (2019) presents the case study on implementation of TPM in automotive chain manufacturing industry._After implementation of TPM researcher concluded that success of TPM depends on various pillars like 5-S, Jishu Hozen, Planned Maintenance, Quality maintenance, Kaizan, Office TPM and Safety, Health & Environment. Also he concluded Overall Equipment Effectiveness is has improved from 63% to 85% indicating the

improvement in productivity and improvement in quality of product.

- 2. Venkateswaran N. (2017) presents a work of TPM program in manufacturing unit and uses various tools Pareto chart, Histogram, Why-Why analysis, Fish bone diagram for analyzing the data. The researcher founds OEE (Overall Equipment Effectiveness) has increased due to proper utilization of machine. And he concluded that major improvements reflected especially on productivity.
- 3. Kumar D.(2014), presents the a study overall equipment effectiveness by Implementing Total Productive Maintenance in plastic pipe manufacturing industries. He compares before implementing TPM and after implementing TPM data and distorts major problems by TPM based corrective action plan they had reduce 60% problems and improve OEE.
- 4. Singh R.(2013), reported the experience of implementing TPM concept in automotive manufacturing company by implementing all the pillars of TPM in a phased manner leading to continuous improvement. In this paper author reported OEE has improved from 63% to 79% indicating the improvement in productivity and improvement in quality of product in machine shop of automotive company.
- 5. Nishal M.(2018), presents need for total productive maintenance in SME and barriers in implementing TPM in SME. Researcher visualized the indirect benefits of TPM making the production smoother at a faster rate.
- 6. Patil J., Raut N. (2019), carried out study in a Manufacturing industry which is now facing problem in establishing processing certain machining in their Plant, and also maintaining it to reduce downtime due to maintenance issue. By applying TPM and doing root cause analysis he reduced the maintenance issue is by 50%.
- 7.Dr. Kedar A. P.,(2016) presents comparative study of literature focusing on factors of TQM and TPM implementation which have positive impact on the organizational performance. The study found some

- factors are common categories of activities when implementing TQM and TPM as combined strategy. He said that, there is no unique model for a good combined TQM & TPM programme. TQM and TPM implementation implies organizational change. It is imperative that management and employees are committed to implementation. Management must address intangible factors such as motivation, engagement and acceptance, in order to nurture a willingness to change.
- 8. Vigneshwaran S., (2015), review the literature on impact of Total Productive Maintenance (TPM). He spots the tangible and intangible Benefits attained after TPM implementation. He noted that the tangible benefits such as availability performance efficiency and quality rate increases considerably on TPM implementation which impacts in the improvement of OEE. This reaches the main goal of TPM program zero breakdowns and zero product defects.
- 9. Gupta A.K.,(2012), presents a case study anlaysis of OEE and TPM in an automobile manufacturing organization through model machine and model shops. After successful implementation of TPM, he found that Overall Equipment Effectiveness is increased.
- 10. Kocher G.(2012), discuss the TPM development & implementation program of case study in manufacturing industry. Author also discusses difficulty face in TPM implementation. In his study he concludes that TPM significantly contribute to improve the productivity, quality, safety and morale of workforce. His study shows that implementing TPM is by no means an easy task without strong backup from the top management.

III. OVERALL EQUIPMENT EFFECTIVENESS

The basic measure associated with Total Productive Maintenance (TPM) is the OEE. This OEE highlights the actual "Hidden capacity" in an organization. OEE is not an exclusive measure of how well the maintenance department works. The design and

installation of equipment as well as how it is operated and maintained affect the OEE. OEE is a function of the three factors mentioned below (J. Venkatesh, 2007).

- 1. Availability or uptime (downtime: planned and unplanned, tool change, tool service, job change etc.)
- 2. Performance efficiency (actual vs. design capacity)
- 3. Rate of quality output (Defects and rework)

Availability: Availability is the ratio of total time for which machine is available for production to the total time of production.

$$Availability = \frac{(Production time - Downtime)}{Production time}$$

Performance Efficiency: Net production time is the time during which the products are actually produced.

$$Performance\ Efficiency = \frac{(Cycle\ time\ x\ Number\ of\ products\ processed)}{Production\ time}$$

Rate of Quality output: it is percentage of good parts out of total produced. Sometimes called yield.

$$Quality\ Rating = \frac{Number\ of\ OK\ parts}{Total\ parts\ produced}$$

OEE = Availability x Performance Efficiency x Rate of Quality output

IV.CONCLUSION

The literature highlights that various TPM implementation programs are initiated to achieve benefits for meeting the challenges of global competition. This paper presented contributions of researches on Total Productive Maintenance and case studies in India. From the literature review it is revel that TPM implementation gives improved overall equipment effectiveness which makes industries competitive and effective, in the field of maintenance.

From the literature study is noted that OEE has contributing in increase in production.

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