

Validated Stability Indicating HPTLC of Aceclofenac

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ABSTRACT

The present paper describes stability indicating high-performance thin-layer Article Info chromatography (HPTLC) assay method for Aceclofenac in bulk drugs. The Volume 9, Issue 3 method employed TLC aluminium plates precoated with silica gel 60F-254 as the stationary phase. The solvent system consisted of toluene: methanol: Page Number : 441-447 triethylamine (6.5: 4.0: 0.1 v/v/v). The system was found to give compact spot for Aceclofenac (Rfvalue of 0.64 ± 0.028). Densitometric analysis of Aceclofenac was Publication Issue : carried out in the absorbance mode at 243 nm. The linear regression analysis data for the calibration plots showed good linear relationship with r2 = 0.999 with May-June-2022 respect to peak area in the concentration range 30 - 120 ng/spot. The developed Article History HPTLC method was validated with respect to accuracy, precision, recovery and robustness. Also to determine related substance and assay determination of Accepted : 05 June 2022 Published: 20 June 2022 Aceclofenac that can be used to evaluate the quality of regular production samples. The developed method can also be conveniently used for the assay determination of Aceclofenac. The limits of detection and quantitation were 4.062 and 12.322 ng/spot, respectively by height. Keywords: Aceclofenac, validation, HPTLC

I. INTRODUCTION

- Estimation of Aceclofenac in Tablet by Proposed Method
- Standard solution: Working standard solution was prepared (10.0 μg/ml) as described under preparation of standard solution.
- Sample solution: Twenty tablets were weighed and average weight was calculated. Tablets were crushed to a fine powder. An accurately weighed

quantity of tablet powder equivalent to about 10.0 mg of Aceclofenac was shaken with about 8.0 ml of methanol, sonicated for 15 minutes, the volume was made up to 10.0 ml with methanol, and solution was filtered through Whatman Grade I filter paper. One ml of the filtrate was diluted to 100.0 ml with methanol to get concentration of 10.0 μ g/ml (on labelled claim basis). Replicate sample solutions were prepared in similar manner.



- Procedure: Two bands of standard solution and six bands of sample solution of equal volume (5 µl) were applied on TLC plate and the plate was developed and scanned as per optimized chromatographic conditions.
- Calculation: The instrument directly gives the weight of constituent in volume of sample solution applied by comparison with concentration of standard. This value was subsequently converted to percent of labelled claim using following formula.

| Pulmoza tablet (Avg. wt.: 359.82 mg., Labelled claim: 200 mg per tablet) | | | | | |
|--|------------------------------------|--|---------|---------------------|----------|
| Sr. No. | Wt. of tablet powder taken (mg) | Amt. of Aceclofenac estimated in applied 5 μL vol. (ng) | | % of labelled claim | |
| | | By Height | By Area | By Height* | By Area* |
| 1. | 14.50 | 41.03 | 40.95 | 100.61 | 100.25 |
| 2. | 16.00 | 43.15 | 44.14 | 99.54 | 99.22 |
| 3. | 18.30 | 51.73 | 50.84 | 99.92 | 100.10 |
| 4. | 21.20 | 57.65 | 59.12 | 99.91 | 100.39 |
| 5. | 22.50 | 62.97 | 62.769 | 99.76 | 99.43 |
| | | | Mean | 99.91 | 99.91 |
| * Each value is mean of five observations | | | ±S.D. | 0.364 | 0.497 |
| | | | % RSD | 0.365 | 0.498 |

Table 1 : Results of estimation of Aceclofenac in tablet

VALIDATION

Validation of the proposed method

Validation of proposed method was ascertained on the basis of accuracy, precision, linearity & range, limit of detection, limit of quantitation, specificity, ruggedness and robustness.

- Accuracy: Accuracy of the proposed method was ascertained on the basis of recovery studies performed by standard addition method.
- Standard solution: Working standard solution was prepared (10.0 μ g/ml) as described under preparation of standard solution.
- Sample solution: Accurately weighed quantities of pre-analyzed tablet powder equivalent to about 7.0 mg of Aceclofenac were transferred to five different 10.0 ml volumetric flasks and 1.5 mg, 3.0 mg, 4.5 mg and 6.0 mg of standard Aceclofenac added to 2nd, 3rd, 4th & 5th flask respectively (representing 70- 130% of labelled claim). This was followed by addition of methanol to make volume to about 8.0 ml in each flask, and the contents were shaken and sonicated for 15 minutes. Sufficient methanol was added to 100.0 ml with methanol.

Calculation: Amount of Aceclofenac (ng/5µl) obtained from instrument was converted to total Drug

Estimated by using following formula:

$$T = \frac{Ew \times 1000}{Vs}$$

The percent recovery was then calculated using the formula:

% Recovery =
$$\frac{T-B}{C} \times 100$$

Where,

| Т | = | total drug estimated (mg) |
|---------|---|---|
| Ew | = | Wt. (µg) of drug calculated by instrument in V_{s} |
| V_{s} | = | Volume (µl) of sample solution applied |
| В | = | amount of drug contributed by pre-analysed tablet powder (mg) |
| С | = | weight of pure drug added (mg) |

| Pulmoza tablet (Avg. Wt.: 359.82 mg., Labelled claim: 200 mg per tablet) | | | | | |
|--|---|--|---------|------------|----------|
| Flask No. | Wt. of tablet powder taken (mg) + Amt of pure drug added (mg) (% of labelled claim) | Amt. of Aceclofenac estimated in applied 5µL vol. (ng) | | % Recovery | |
| | | By Height | By Area | By Height* | By Area* |
| 1. | 12.80 + 0 (70 %) | 35.6 | 34.8 | 100.47 | 100.86 |
| 2. | 12.60 + 1.5 (85 %) | 41.5 | 42.6 | 99.86 | 100.08 |
| 3. | 12.90 + 3.0 (100 %) | 50.6 | 50.7 | 100.12 | 99.68 |
| 4. | 12.70 + 4.5 (115 %) | 56.5 | 56.1 | 98.97 | 98.87 |
| 5. | 12.50 + 6.0 (130 %) | 65.3 | 65.3 | 100.56 | 100.93 |
| * Each value is mean of five observations | | | Mean | 100.00 | 100.05 |
| | | | ±S.D. | 0.635 | 0.874 |
| | | | | 0.635 | 0.874 |

Table: Results of recovery studies of Aceclofenac in tablet

Precision

• Repeatability

Precision of proposed method was ascertained by replicate analysis of homogeneous samples of tablet powder.

• Intermediate precision

The samples were analysed by proposed method on different days (intra-day & inter-day), and by different analysts.

| Sr. No. | Observations | % of labelled claim | | | | | |
|------------|--------------|---------------------|---------|-----------|---------|--------------------|---------|
| | | Intra-day | | Inter-day | | Different Analysts | |
| | | By Height | By Area | By Height | By Area | By Height | By Area |
| 1. | Ι | 99.66 | 99.58 | 100.04 | 99.46 | 100.23 | 100.33 |
| 2. | II | 99.94 | 99.36 | 99.79 | 99.25 | 99.52 | 99.92 |
| 3. | III | 100.03 | 99.82 | 98.95 | 99.12 | 100.76 | 100.25 |
| Mean* | | 99.91 | 99.69 | 99.57 | 99.22 | 100.15 | 100.15 |
| ±S.D. | | 0.141 | 0.258 | 0.575 | 0.173 | 0.622 | 0.215 |
| % R.S.D. | | 0.141 | 0.256 | 0.573 | 0.173 | 0.622 | 0.215 |

Table: Result of precision studies

* Each value is mean of three observations

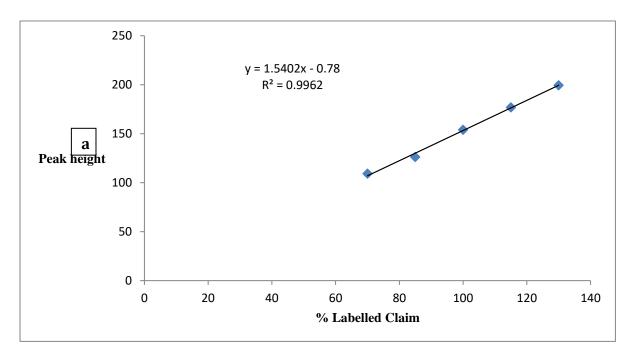
✤ Linearity and Range

• Linearity of response

Chromatographic response (peak height / peak area) as a function of concentration was studied.

• Range of the method

Sample weights of pre- analysed tablet powder were fortified by addition of standard drugs to have the range 70-130 % of labelled claim and the samples were processed as discussed under accuracy studies. The graph plotted as percent labelled claim vs. peak height or peak area.





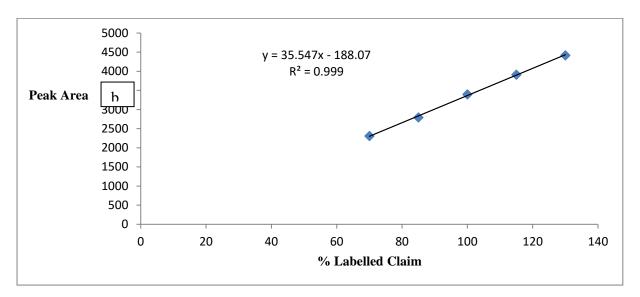


Figure 5: Calibration curve of range of method (a) by height (b) by area

| Concentration range | 70- 130% of labelled claim | | |
|-------------------------|----------------------------|---------------|--|
| Parameter | Height | Area | |
| Regression equation | Y=1.540X-0.78 | Y=35.54-188.0 | |
| Slope | 1.538 | 34.31 | |
| Y-intercept | (-) 0.75 | (-) 186.0 | |
| Correlation coefficient | 0.997 | 0.999 | |

Table: Results of range of method

Limit of Detection (LOD) and Limit of Quantitation (LOQ)

LOD and LOQ were determined by the method based on standard deviation of the response and the slope of calibration curve as per ICH guidelines and are as follows:

$$LOD = \frac{3.3\sigma}{S} And LOQ = \frac{10\sigma}{S}$$

Signal to noise ratio (k) = 3.3 and 10 for LOD and LOQ respectively

 σ = Standard deviation of response (Estimated by measuring the response in term of peak height or peak area of standard solution of conc. 30.0 ng/spot for five times and σ was calculated) = 1.455201, 48.71276 by height and area resp.

S = Slope of calibration curve (obtained from calibration curve) = 1.18, 60.86 by height and area respectively

| S. No | Parameters | By Height | By Area |
|-------|---------------|-----------|---------|
| 1. | LOD (ng/spot) | 4.068 | 2.642 |
| 2. | LOQ (ng/spot) | 12.334 | 8.005 |

Table: Results of LOD and LOQ studies

Solution State Stability and stability on plate

The chromatograms of the same standard were obtained periodically over a period of 24 h.

| Time (h) | Solution state stability | | Stability on plate | Stability on plate | |
|----------|--------------------------|------------|--------------------|--------------------|--|
| | Peak height* | Peak area* | Peak height* | Peak area* | |
| 1 | 151.96 | 3498.52 | 151.85 | 3498.63 | |
| 3 | 152.14 | 3498.96 | 151.90 | 3498.22 | |
| 7 | 152.36 | 3491.25 | 151.93 | 3495.55 | |
| 24 | 151.99 | 3496.39 | 152.25 | 3495.96 | |
| Mean | 152.11 | 3496.82 | 151.98 | 3497.09 | |
| ± SD | 0.183 | 3.536 | 0.181 | 1.560 | |
| % RSD | 0.120 | 0.101 | 0.119 | 0.045 | |

*mean of three observations

Table: Results of Solution State Stability and stability on plate

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